Roll No. ....

Total No. of Pages : 04

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## B. Tech. (Sem.–1) ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-I Subject Code : BTAM-101 (2011 Batch) Paper ID : [A1101]

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

## **INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES :**

- 1. Question-1 is compulsory to attempt, consisting of ten short answer type questions carrying two marks each.
- 2. Attempt five questions (carrying eight marks each) by selecting at least two questions each from Section A and Section B
  - 1.a) If  $w = x^2 + y^2$ , x = r s, y = r + s, then find  $\frac{\partial w}{\partial r}$ ,  $\frac{\partial w}{\partial s}$ , in terms of r, s.

b) Write the Cartesian equivalent of the polar curve  $r \cos \left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 2$ .

- c) Find the directions in which  $f(x,y) = (x^2 + y^2)/2$  increases and decreases most rapidly at the point (1,1).
- d) Give the physical interpretation of gradient of a scalar point function.
- e) Calculate the outward flux of the field  $\vec{F} = x\hat{i} + y^2\hat{j}$  across the square bounded by the lines  $x = \pm 1$  and  $y = \pm 1$ .
- f) If  $\overrightarrow{u}$  is a differentiable vector function of t of constant magnitude, then show that

$$\stackrel{\rightarrow}{u} \cdot \frac{d \vec{u}}{dt} = 0.$$

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g) If 
$$u = \frac{x+y}{1-xy}$$
 and  $v = \tan^{-1} x + \tan^{-1} y$ , then find the value of  $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)}$ .

- h) Find the area enclosed by the lemniscate  $r_2 = 4 \cos 2\theta$ .
- i) Change the Cartesian integral  $\int_{0}^{2} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{2x-x^{2}}} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^{2}+y^{2}}} dy dx$  into an equivalent polar integral

j) Evaluate : 
$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} (xyz) dz dy dx$$
.

## SECTION-A (8 marks each)

- 2. a) If  $\rho_1$  and  $\rho_2$  be the radii of curvature at the extremities of a focal chord of the parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$ , then prove that  $(\rho_1)^{-2/3} + (\rho_2)^{-2/3} = (2a)^{-2/3}$ .
  - b) Trace the curve  $r = a (1 \sin \theta)$  by giving all its salient features in detail.
- 3. a) Find the surface area of the solid formed by revolving the astroid  $x^{2/3} + y^{2/3} = a^{2/3}$  about the *x*-axis.
  - b) Find the entire length of the cardiode  $r = 1 + \cos \theta$  and further show that the upper half is bisected by the ray  $\theta = \pi/3$ .
- 4. a) State Euler's theorem and use it to prove that

$$x^{2} \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x^{2}} + 2xy \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x \partial y} + y^{2} \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial y^{2}} = 0, \text{ whenever } u = x \phi\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) + \phi\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$$

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b) If  $u = \log (x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz)$ , then show that

$$\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\right)^2 u = \frac{-9}{\left(x + y + z\right)^2}.$$

- 5. a) A rectangular box open at the top is to have volume of 32 cubic ft. Find the dimension of the box requiring least material for its construction.
  - b) Expand  $x^2y + 3y 2$  in powers of (x-1) and (y+2) by Taylor's theorem.

6. a) Evaluate : 
$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{x}^{1} \sin y^{2} dy dx$$
 by changing the order of integration .

- b) Find the volume of the tetrahedron bounded by the planes x = 0, y = 0, z = 0 and x + y + z = a.
- 7. a) Prove the identity :

$$\nabla \times (\vec{F} \times \vec{G}) = \vec{F} (\nabla \cdot \vec{G}) - \vec{G} (\nabla \cdot \vec{F}) + (\vec{G} \cdot \nabla) \vec{F} - (\vec{F} \cdot \nabla) \vec{G}$$

b) A vector field is given by  $\vec{F} = (\sin y)_i + x(1 + \cos y)_j$ 

Evaluate the line integral  $\int_{C} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ , where C is circular path  $x^{2} + y^{2} = a^{2}, z = 0.$ 

8. a) Verify Stoke's for a vector field defined by

 $\vec{F} = (x^2 - y^2)\hat{i} + 2xy\hat{j}$  taken around the rectangle bounded by the lines x = 0, x = a, y = 0, y = b.

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b) Test whether the vector

 $\vec{F} (y^2 - z^2 + 3yz - 2x)\hat{i} + (3xz + 2xy)\hat{j} + (3xy - 2xz + 2z)\hat{k}, \text{ is irrotational or not }?$ 

9. a) State Green's theorem in plane and use it to evaluate

$$\int_{C} (2x^{2} - y^{2}) dx + (x^{2} + y^{2}) dy$$

where C is the boundary of the region enclosed by the x-axis and the upper half of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ .

b) Find the rate of change of f(x, y, z) = xyz in the direction normal to the surface  $x^2y + y^2x + yz^2 = 3$  at the point (1, 1, 1).